

WZORY - kolokwium 4- DYNAMIKA PŁYNÓW

STRATY CIŚNIENIA

$$\Delta p = \lambda \cdot \frac{L}{d} \cdot \frac{u^2 \cdot \rho}{2}$$

RUCH LAMINARNY:

$$\lambda = \frac{64}{\text{Re}} \text{ zatem } \Delta p = \frac{32u \cdot \eta \cdot L}{d^2}$$

RUCH BURZLIWY (rura gładka):

gdy $3 \cdot 10^3 < \text{Re} < 10^5$

$$\lambda = \frac{0,3164}{\sqrt[4]{\text{Re}}} \text{ - r. Blasiusa}$$

gdy $3 \cdot 10^3 < \text{Re} < 3 \cdot 10^6$

$$\lambda = 0,0052 + \frac{0,5}{\text{Re}^{0,32}} \text{ - r. Koo}$$

gdy $10^5 < \text{Re} < 10^8$

$$\lambda = 0,0032 + \frac{0,221}{\text{Re}^{0,237}} \text{ - r. Nikuradsego}$$

gdy $10^4 < \text{Re} < 10^7$

$$\lambda = \frac{0,184}{\text{Re}^{0,2}} \text{ - r. Blasiusa}$$